

# *GStreamer* *Documentation*

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# Hotdoc (2016)

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**GstElement**

GstElement is the abstract base class needed to construct an element that can be used in a GStreamer pipeline. Please refer to the plugin writers guide for more information on creating [GstElement](#) subclasses.

The name of a [GstElement](#) can be get with [gst\\_element\\_get\\_name](#) and set with [gst\\_element\\_set\\_name](#). For speed, [GST\\_ELEMENT\\_NAME](#) can be used in the core when using the appropriate locking. Do not use this in plug-ins or applications in order to retain ABI compatibility.

Elements can have pads (of the type [GstPad](#)). These pads link to pads on other elements. [GstBuffer](#) flow between these linked pads. A [GstElement](#) has a [GList](#) of [GstPad](#) structures for all their input (or sink) and output (or source) pads. Core and plug-in writers can add and remove pads with [gst\\_element\\_add\\_pad](#) and [gst\\_element\\_remove\\_pad](#).

An existing pad of an element can be retrieved by name with [gst\\_element\\_get\\_static\\_pad](#). A new dynamic pad can be created using [gst\\_element\\_request\\_pad](#) with a [GstPadTemplate](#). An iterator of all pads can be retrieved with [gst\\_element\\_iterate\\_pads](#).

Elements can be linked through their pads. If the link is straightforward, use the [gst\\_element\\_link](#) convenience function to link two elements, or [gst\\_element\\_link\\_many](#) for more elements in a row. Use [gst\\_element\\_link\\_filtered](#) to link two elements constrained by a specified set of [GstCaps](#). For finer control, use [gst\\_element\\_link\\_pads](#) and [gst\\_element\\_link\\_pads\\_filtered](#) to specify the pads to link on each element by name.

Each element has a state (see [GstState](#)). You can get and set the state of an element with [gst\\_element\\_get\\_state](#) and [gst\\_element\\_set\\_state](#). Setting a state triggers a [GstStateChange](#). To get a string representation of a [GstState](#), use [gst\\_element\\_state\\_get\\_name](#).

You can get and set a [GstClock](#) on an element using [gst\\_element\\_get\\_clock](#) and [gst\\_element\\_set\\_clock](#). Some elements can provide a clock for the pipeline if the [GST\\_ELEMENT\\_FLAG\\_PROVIDE\\_CLOCK](#) flag is set. With the [gst\\_element\\_provide\\_clock](#) method one can retrieve the clock provided by such an element. Not all elements require a clock to operate correctly. If the [GST\\_ELEMENT\\_FLAG\\_REQUIRE\\_CLOCK\(\)](#) flag is set, a clock should be set on the element with [gst\\_element\\_set\\_clock](#).

Note that clock selection and distribution is normally handled by the toplevel [GstPipeline](#) so the clock functions are only to be used in very specific situations.

**GstElement**

```
graph TD; Object --> GIInitallyUnowned[GIInitallyUnowned]; GIInitallyUnowned --> GObject[GObject]; GObject --> GstElement[GstElement]; GstElement --> GstBin[GstBin]
```

GStreamer element abstract base class.

# Plugins documentation

- hotdoc plugin for GStreamer plugins
- Very simple to document new plugins:

```
gstaudiomixer = library('gstaudiomixer',
    audiomixer_sources, orc_c, orc_h,
    c_args : gst_plugins_base_args,
    include_directories : [configinc],
    dependencies : [audio_dep, gst_base_dep, orc_dep],
    install : true,
    install_dir : plugins_install_dir,
)
plugins += [gstaudiomixer]
```

<https://gstreamer.freedesktop.org/documentation/>